A message from Minamata -Toward Sustainable Local Communities

Minoru Koga, Ph.D.

Director General, Minamata Environmental Academia

Prof. Emeritus, Prefectural Univ. of Kumamoto

Minamata Environmental Academia





Established in April, 2016.

Missions of the Minamata Environmental Academia

- 1. Research and Education
- 2. Local Community Development
- 3. Job-Creation and Industrial Development



Activities of Minamata Environmental Academia

Number of visitors: 118 groups,

3 287people (in 2016)



APMMN Workshop Nov. 2016



JST Sakura Science Program July, 2017



Sophia Univ. Field-work Oct. 2016

A Network of the Minamata Environmental Academia

- Prefectural University of Kumamoto
- Kumamoto University
- Sojo University
- National Institute for Minamata Diseases (NIMD)
- Keio University
- Nan Jeon Univ. of Science and Technology (Tawiwan)
- National Taipei Univ. of Technology (Taiwan)
- Kyushu University Urban Research Center
- Minamata High School

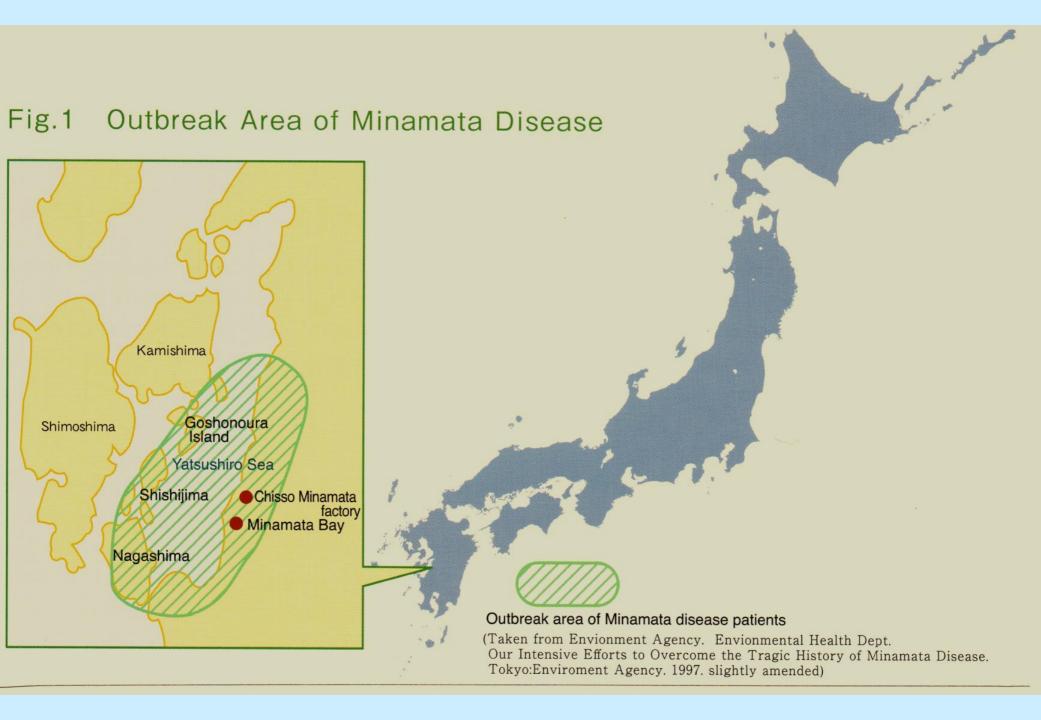
Minamata Disease

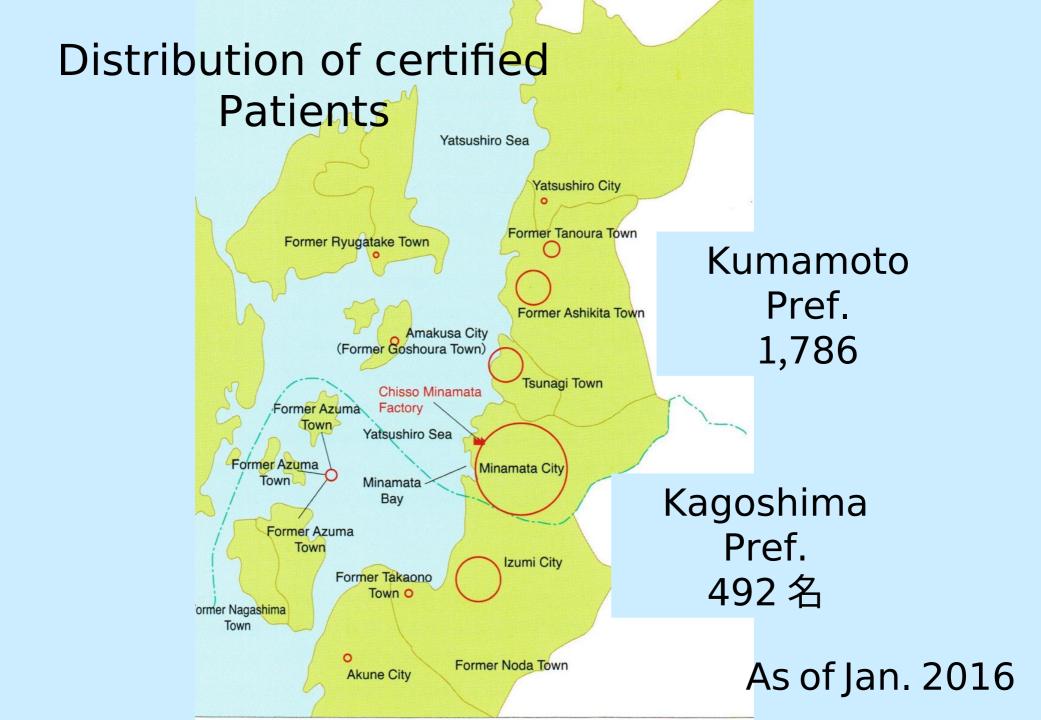
1909	Chisso, Minamata Div. established
1932	Acetaldehyde production plant started
1937	Methylmercury poisoning reported in UK)
1945	Factory was damaged by US air raid
1955	Became a leading chemical company in Japan
1956.5	Minamata Diseases were reported.
1959.7	Kumamoto Univ. concluded the disease was
	caused by organo-mercury.
1962	Fetus poisoning (17 case)

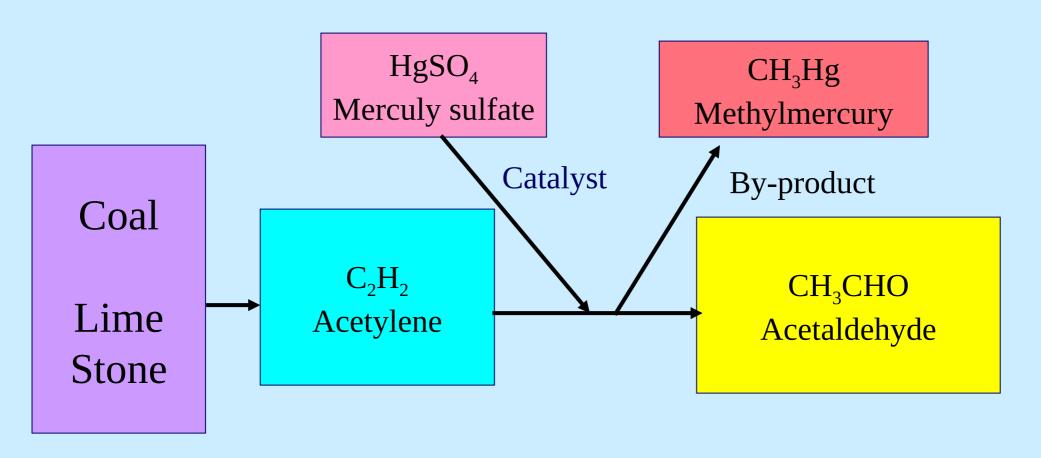
1968.9 Government recognized organo-mercury

1965 Niigata Minamata Disease

poisoning.





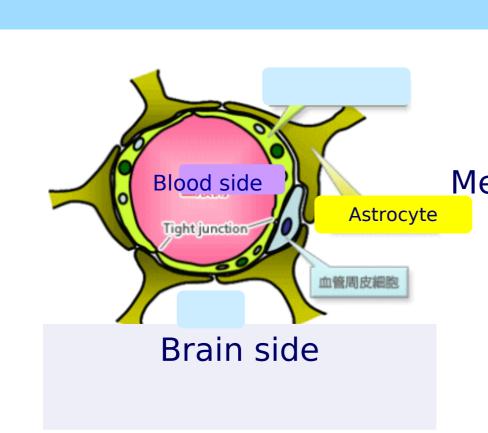


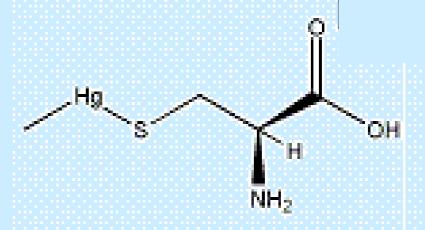
Methylmercury formation in the process

Typical symptoms of Minamata Disease (methyl-mercury poisoning)

- Sensory disorder of the four extemitites
- Ataxia
- Concentric construction of the visual field
- Hearing impairment
- Disequilibrium
- Speech impediments
- Tremors
- Disorder of the ocular movement

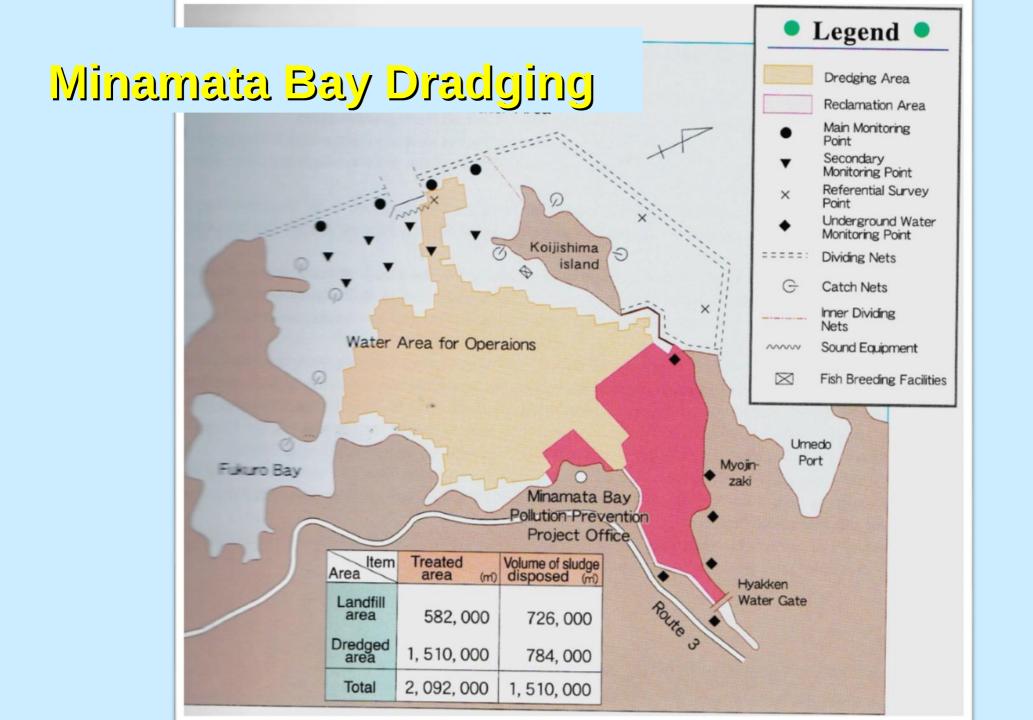
Blood-brain barrier





Methyl mercury-Cysteine conjyugate

Methionine



Compensation Sums of Minamata Disease

Sums of provided compensation (million yen/year, as of 1991)

Health care: 7,671

Dredging : 4,271

Fishery: 689

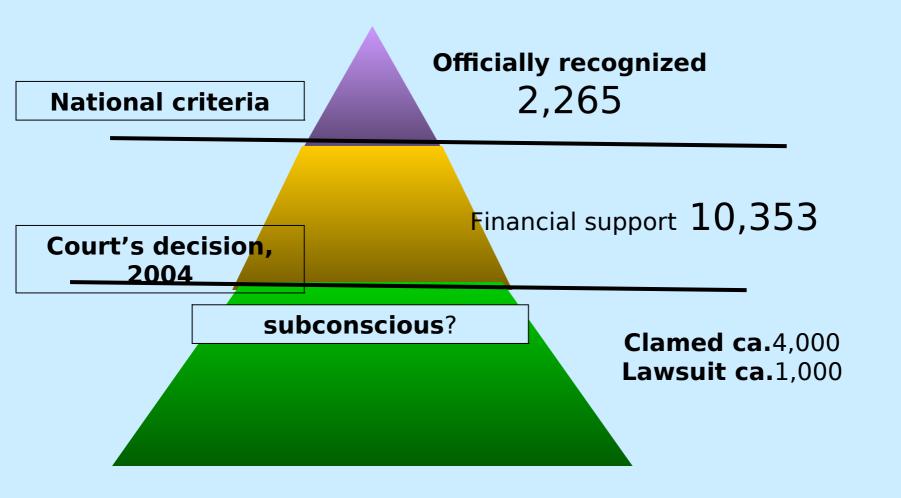
Sum 12,631

Estimated Treatment Cost : 123/year

The present Hyakken Waterway, JNC Minamata factory



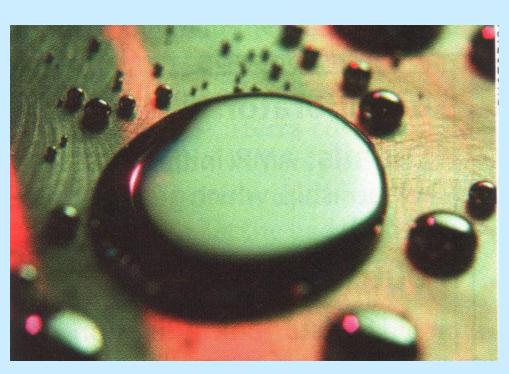
Victims of Minamata Disease



Comprehensive Lessons from the Minamata Disease Affair

- 1. The actual setting must be directly observed, and the approach to the affair must be initiated from sincere hearing from the people.
- Protection of health against damages must have priority over everything, and the administrative decision is required according to the certainty of the cause.
- 3. Collection and presentation of information in various scenes are necessary.
- 4. Companies have the social responsibility.

Mercury, Hg



- Atomic Number: 80
- Atomic Weight : 200.59
- mp: -38.87 °C
- bp : 356.72°C
- Usage: ThermometerDiffusion pump, Barometer,Amalgam (alloy)

Minamata Convention on Mercury

 Adopted at the conference held in Kumamoto city and

Minamata city in Oct. 2013. (92 countries).

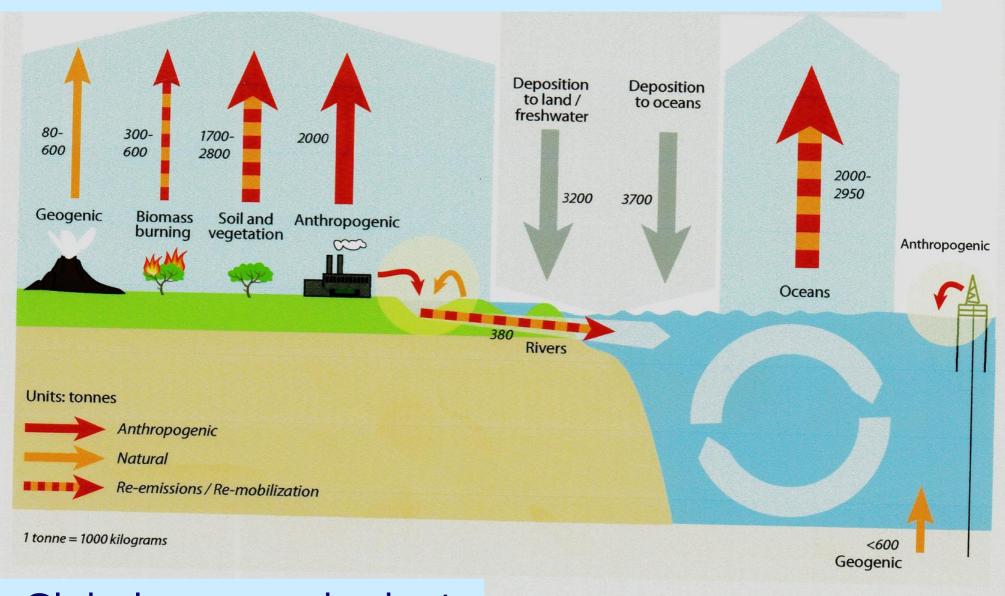
 70 Ratifications (as of July 14, 2017), enacted from August

16, 2017.

 COP-1 on Minamata convention was be held in Geneva,

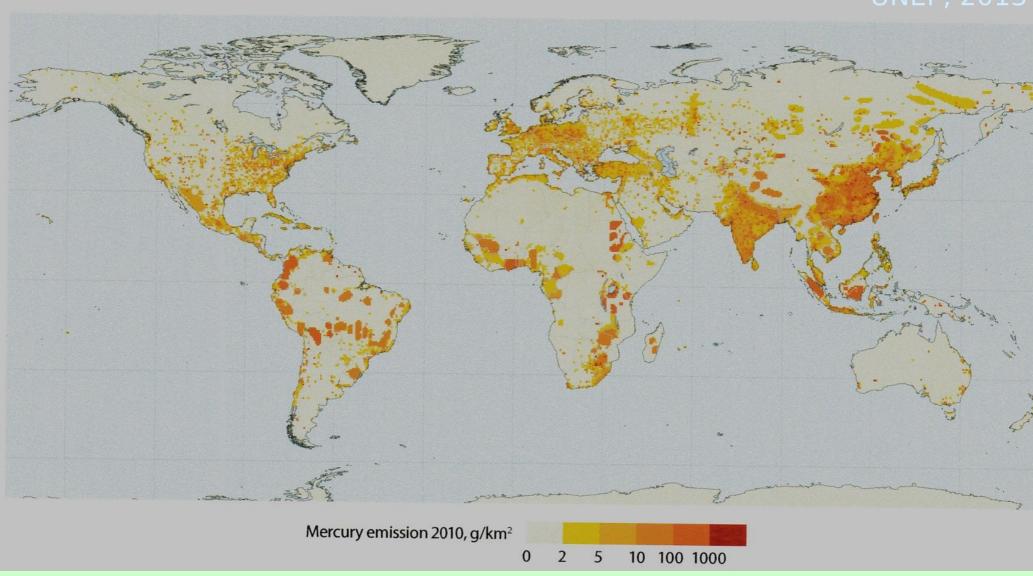
Switzerland, September, 2017.

Collaboration with WHO, UNEP, etc.



Global mercury budgets





bal distribution of anthropogenic mercury emissions to air in 201

Minamata's Regeneration (moyai-naoshi)

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1992 The declaration on a City that values the
Environment, Health
       and Welfare.
       Declaration on the "Construction of a Model City for
the
       Environment.
       The sorting and collection of household waste began
1993
        (22 categories)
       Declaration of "Moyai-naoshi"
1994
       Minamata Eco-town launched
2001
       The 6<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Mercury in
Minamata.
2011 "Environmental capital" received.
2013
        Minamata Convention in Kumamoto city and
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Minamata city.

Citzene participation type garbage sorting and recycling collection.



Toward sustainable community

<u>Issues</u>

Population decrease Innovation of new industries

Minamata Regeneration

- Model Environmental City

 (International Environmental City)
- Based on abundant natural resources (clean water, forest, marine products), promotion of primary industry and agricultural diversification.
- Promotion of sustainability of the community.



- Minamata Disease Municipal Museur
 - Environmental Center
 - NIMD Information Center



National Institute of Minamata Diseas

Attractive nature and environment in Minamata area







A river source of Minamata

Rice paddy fields in Kugino area







Cherry blossoms along Tea plantation in Ishidobi area the Minamata river

Yunoturu hot springs



Koiji Island from Eco-park



Photo: M. Morishita



Seaweed forest in Photo: M. Morishita Minamata bay



Sea horse



Kitakyushu Natural History Museum

Key persons to develop the sustainability in Minamata



Mr. H. Amano, owner of tea plantation.



Mr. T. Sawahata, organizer of local activities.



Minamata's original sweets

Monaka & Horaku manjyu



Mr. K. Sasahara, patishie, sweetshop.



Mr. M. Morishita, diving instructor.

Products of Minamata



Young sardine



Sweet Orange



Japanese Tea



Salada-Onion (Salatama-chan

Sakura Science Plan in Minamata

Sponsored by JST

10 graduate students from Taiwan, Thailand, Singapore.

10 days program regarding Japanese high technologies and environmental issues.

Home stay (1 day) program included.







Collaboration with International Agencies

UNEP/ETC Initial Assessment on MinamataConvention $2018.5.30 \sim 31$

UNIDO-ITPO Tokyo Site Visit Tour in Minamata 2018.11.20 ~ 22







Networks with Overseas Universities

MOU with National Taipei University of Technology, 2017.2.8

2017 Cross-Cultural International Conference Nan Joen Univ. of Science & Technology, 2017.2.10

